The New Order of Things In the Central Office of the Police-Custom House Influence Nowhere-Men when the Barroom Statesmen do not Like.

Farly yesterday morning the corridors of the City Hall were througed with politicians. Nothing was talked about but the action of the Aldermen before the nominations for the Police Commissionerships. It was generally believed Commissionerships. It was generally better that there would be much opposition to the pendirmation of Mr. Charlick and Mr. Gardner.

OLIVER CHARLICK. Several Republican Aldermen were said to have declared that they would not vote for Mr. Char-lies, and Mr. Shook's friends in the board were said to be determined to defeat Mr. Gardner. Everybody thought that the meeting would be lively, and perhaps stormy. It was rumored that the Aldermen were not satisfied with the nominations for the Park Commissionerships. But up to the time when the opposition to those nominations showed itself, the rumor was not

The Aldermen met at 2 o'clock, all being present except Mr. Van Schaick. The communication from the Mayor containing the nominations for the Police Commissionerships was taken

Alderman Reilly moved that Mr. Oliver Charlick be confirmed.

Alderman Kehr moved that a vote be first taken on the name of Hugh Gardner. This motion was seconded by Aldermen

Alderman McCafferty thought that the motion indicated an intention to draw party lines very close, and asked why Mr. Kenr wished Mr. Gard-

nor confirmed first.
Alderman Kehr said that it was a mere fancy of his. He was not opposed to any of the cominces.

"Will you vote for Mr. Charlick if I will vote for Mr. Gardner?" asked Alderman McCafferty.
"Certainly I will," replied Alderman Kehr, smiling. "Then I have no objection to the motion,"

said Alderman McCafferty.

Alderman Falconer said that all the nominees
were pledged to carry out the reforms instituted

by the Mayor, and if they failed to do so, they were pledged to resign. ROMAN VIRTUE. This brought Alderman Cooper to his feet, who said, "If I supposed that these four men

e Mayor, or of any other man, regardless of or ground. I would vote against every one Alderman Ottendorfer had voted for all of the Alderman Ottendorfer had voted for all of the Mayor's nomines. But he should now pursue a different course. He thought that the Mayor had not shown his usual discretion in his selection of the nominees for Folice Commissionerships. He would say nothing against the personal character of the candidates, but he thought that they were too much bound down by party affiliations to make impartial officers. This was especially the case with the two gentlemen whose names headed the list. He added, that as the Folice Commissioners had the control of the election machinery, it was necessary that they should be impartial and non-partisan men. This was especially important, as the Legislature had retained as a member of the Commission a gentleman who was generally regarded as unfit for his position. He should vote against all the nominees.

against all the nominees.

Alderman Kehr's motion was voted down.

Alderman Kelly's notion was adopted, and
Mr. Charlick was confirmed. President Vance
and Aleremen Billings, Clausen, and Ottendorfer voting in the negative.

THE THIRSTY POLITICIANS' DEPARTURE. The politicians who were standing within the molesure set apart for the Aldermen seemed arprised at the result, and many of them went it of the room. Hugh Gardner, Gen. Duryee, and John R. Rus-Hugh Gardner, Gen. Duryce, and John R. Bussell were confirmed. Alderman Ottendorfer alone voting in the negative.

On motion of Alderman Billings, the nominations for inspectorships of Weights and Measures were taken from the table.

Alderman Cooper moved the confirmation of Mr. Jacob Banta.

Alderman Falconer said that Mr. Banta's rame was the last on the list. He wanted to know why it was called up first. He knew Mr. James Crawford, whose name hended the list. He was a worthy man, and he saw no reason for voting for Mr. Banta before acting upon his nome.

Alderman Cooper's motion was carried, and Eir. Banta was confirmed.

Alderman Cooper's motion was carried, and Mr. Banta was confirmed.

HUGGER-MUGGERING.

A rotion made by Alderman Billings to confirm Mr. Theodore S. Kent brought Alderman Falconer to his feet again. He said, excitedly.

There seems to be some hugger-muggering here, and I would like to know what it means. I move that the name of Mr. James Crawford be substituted for that of Mr. Kent.

Alderman Billings's motion was adopted and Mr. Kent was confirmed.

Alderman Cooper desired to explain his action. He had been informed that the law authorized the appointment of only two Inspectors of Weights and Measures, and for that reason he had moved the confirmation of the two nominees whom he knew. He moved that the other nominations be tabled.

This brought Alderman Falconer to his feet the third time. Turning toward Alderman Cooper he said sharply: "You should have stated your point of law before a vote was taken upon any of the nominees." Then addressing the President, he added: "This method of proceeding is a kind of sharp practice which I do not like."

Alderman Cooper smiled, and the rest of the Alderman Cooper's motion was voted down.

SHARP PRACTICE.

Alderman Week thought that the present

SHARP PRACTICE.

Alderman Koch thought that the proper course to pursue was to confirm all the noni-oces, and if it was afterward found that the law provided for but two Inspectors the Mayor could select them from the four who were con-firmed. He added that in his opinion the trick played upon them by Alderman Cooper was a piece of sharp practice unworthy of a member of any legislative body. played upon them by Alderman Cooper was a piece of sharp practice unworthy of a member of any legislative body.

Alderman Cooper dealed that any trick was intended. He said that the Mayor selected Mr. Banta for this position two months ago. He added that two of the nominees had been confirmed and that the confirmation of the others would be invalid unless the law provided for the appointment of four Inspectors.

On motion of Alderman McCafferty, the two remaining nominees, Mr. James Crawford and Mr. Nicholas McCormick, were confirmed.

On motion of Alderman Morfis, the nomination for the Chamberianship was taken from the table, and the nominee, Mr. George W. Lane, was confirmed.

The nominations for the City Marshaships having been taken from the table, Alderman Cooper moved that action be postponed. He said that serious charges had been made against some of the gentlemen whom they had confirmed.

Cooper moved that action be postponed. He said that serious charges had been made against some of the gentlemen whom they had confirmed. The office of Marshal, he said, was an important one, one of its duties being to serve the writs from the District Courts. Some of the Marshals now in office had used their power to oppress the poor. He thought that the board should not act hastily on the nominations.

Alderman Morris asked Mr. Cooper whether any of the nine Marshals whom he had recommended were among the number whom he probonced unworthy. [Laughter.]

"None of them," replied Alderman Cooper." If they were all my men they would be worthy of the places." [Laughter.]

WHAT ALDERMAN COOPER SMILED AT.
Alderman Reilly said that the man whom he
had recommended was as good a man as his
friend Alderman Cooper, and fully as good a

friend Alderman Cooper, and fully as good a lawyer.

Alderman Cooper smiled.
Patrick Feeney, Cornelius Farley, John A. West,
John A. Larkin, and James Boylan were confirmed as City Marshals.
The nomination of Frederick Rheinman was,
on motion of Alderman Billings, tabled.
The nomination of Christian Sutton having
been taken from the table, Alderman Billings
moved that he be confirmed.
Alderman Falconer; opposed his confirmation,
as he h dheard that he at one time held three
sinecure offices.
Alderman Koch conserved.

Alderman Koch concurred with Mr. Falconer.
Alderman Causen and Ottendorfer favored
his confirmation.
Mr. Sutton was rejected by 5 to 9.
On motion of Alderman Billings the nominations for Park Commissionerships were taken
from the table.

Alderman Monheimer moved that action be
postponed for one week. He wanted to know
who they were. He did not wish the new Park
Commission to be run in the interest of one
man, as the present Commission was. Nor did
he wish it to be run by men from the upper part
of the State or from Connecticut. He did not
believe in having a man at the head of a department who would keep Aldermen who called
upon him waiting for two hours and then send
them word to call again. He wanted to see
the nominees and to know who they were.
Alderman Ottendorfer inferred from Mr. Mon-

heimer's remarks that he wished to see the numbers and exact promises from them before STILL AT WORK IN ALBANY. an Monheimer denied that that was

Alderman Monheimer denied that that was bis meaning.

Alderman McCafferty seconded the motion to perpone, and said that one of the nominees lived out of town.

Alderman Cooper favored the motion. He had been told that Mr. Church was a fine man, and could paint a fine picture. But he lived in Hudson, more than 230 miles from New York. [Laughter.] He believed in having public officers who lived in town, where they could be found whenever they were wanted.

The motion to postpone was adopted.

On motion of Alderman Morris, action upon the name of Henry H. Porter, nominated as a Commissioner to select a site for the pronosed Third District Court House was postponed for one week, and the board adjourned to Thursday afternoon.

After the adjournment several of the Aldermen remained in the chamber and talked of what they had done. In front of the seats reserved for the heads of departments stood Fresident Vance and Aldermen Billings and Morris discussing the merits of Mr. Oliver Charlick. President Vance gave his reasons for voting against him. against him.

Alderman Morris thought that he would make a good officer, and said that the Mayor regarded his nomination as one of the best which he had

made.
Alderman Billings offered to bet that Mr. Char-lick would not remain in office after the 1st day lick would not remain in once of January. Alderman Morris said that the Mayor had told Charlick was an independent, Alderman Morris said that the Mayor had told him that Mr. Charlick was an independent, therough-going man, and that if there was any corruption in the Police Department he would unearth it, and root it out even if his four colleagues fought against him.

Aldermen McCafferty and Reilly, who joined the group while Alderman Morris was speaking, concurred in the Mayor's opinion.

A CUSTON HOUSE CONSPIRACY.

A CUSTON HOUSE CONSPIRACY.

It leaked out through one of the German Aldermen yesterday, that ex-Collector Murphy took a prominent part in a secret movement to prevent the confirmation of Mr. Charliek. A meeting of Custom House Republicans was held on Monday night, in the Pourteenth street Hotel, to bring about a combination to roject Mr. Charlick. Thomas Murphy, John I. Daveuport, Gen. Chester A. Arthur, and four Aldermen were present. Later in the session the Hon. Hugh Gardner, Gen. Charles Blackie, and Assemblyman Patterson, made their appearance. After an animated debate, one of the Aldermen said that the Custom House having secured the nominations of their friends, the other side would not help them to prevent the confirmation of Democrats.

The meeting then broke up, and the only two Republican Aldermen who voted against Mr. Charlick were Vance and Billings. The other Republican members did not carry out the Custom House programme. They were anxious to secure Mr. Charlick's good will, as he might so order matters in the board as to give them control of some patronage. The new board stands three Republican, Henry Smith, John R. Russell, and Hogh Gardner, to two Democrats, Oliver Charlick and Gen. Duryee, Gen. Duryee, however, has not been actively connected with any party for many years. It is generally believed that Oliver Charlick, Hugh Gardner, Gen. Duryee, and John R. Russell will yote together on all questions affecting the interests of the department, as the Mayor is hestile to Henry Smith.

AMERICAN CITIZENSHIP.

A Martin Koszia Case Before the United trian Umpire Rejecting the Law as Expounded by Secretary Marcy.

Washington, May 20.—The recent de-

A Martin Kayera tone Before the Tained States and spanish commission. The tast trains thought Commission for Law at trains thought Repetiting the Law as Ext.

Washinstrox, May 20.—The recent decision of the case of Derected to Robe against Spain by the United States and Spanish Mixed Commission excites much interest, both as bearing on indemnity for wrong indicate on eithers of the United States in Colan and on the Commission as the agreement between the two natures provided solely for the stationary of the control of the con

Commission.
Second—That Perfects de Rojas is in the predicament of the person just mentioned, and entitled as such an American citizen to claim, under the provisions of the seventh article of the Treaty of 1750 with Spain, the repeal of the decree by which an embargo was placed upon his property in Cuba.

Third—That the demurrer ought to be overruled.

The arbitrators, Judge Otto, on the part of the United States, and Mr. Potestad, on the part of Spain, disagreed. The case was submitted to the Umpire, Baron Lederer, the Austrian Minister, who decided a minst Rojas; thus, in effect, taking the view of the Spanish arbitrator.

The Great Fire in Port-au Prince. KINGSTON, May 11 .- Additional particulars of the fire in Port-an-Prince have been received in Kings-ton. The fire broke out in the forenoon on the chief commercial street, called the Rue Front Forts, in the ouse of Mme. Corman Carre. A strong westerly house of Mme. Corman Carre. A strong westerly wind prevailed and the fire spread rapidly to the cast. The wind shifting changed the course of the fire and caused it to spread in several directions at once. Notre Dame Cathedral and several other large buildings were destroyed. Both fountains for supplying the city with water were unfortunately dry, and the wells in the vicinity of the fire had to be depended on. In less than four hours 250 buildings were destroyed, valued with their contents at a minion of dollars. Mme. Carre, in whose house the fire originated, and three of her children were burned to death.

Proposed Temperance Convention.

ALBANY, May 20.—A consultation of prominent temperance men was held here this evening, and a proposition was discussed for calling a State Convention in this city about the Mth of June to consider the situation and decide what political action should be taken by the temperance men of the State.

MR. M'GUIRF FIRES ANOTHER SHOT AT CORNELL'S LAND GRANT.

Gov. Dix Vetoes the Local Option Bill-A Warm Debate, in which the Veto is Sus-tained-Third Avenue Rapid Transit. ALBANY, May 20 .- The feature in the

Assembly this morning was another chapter in the McGuire-Cornell controversy over the Sen ate resolutions for the appointment by the Governor of three commissioners to investigate. The Speaker called Mr. Jacobs to the chair, and asked unanimous consent to their immediate consideration, which being granted, he offered an amendment instructing the commissioners to report to the Governor for transmission to the next Legislature. He said he did this that in case the commission finished its labors in two or three months, they might report to the Governor, and not wait until the meeting of the next Legislature. The amendment was adopted. Mr. McGuire offered as a further amendment that the commission be instructed to ascertain whether the agricultural and mechanical arts are the leading branches taught in Cornell University, as required by the law under which this land was given.

Hefore the vote Speaker Cornell moved that they report as to the management and condition of the University in all its departments.

DODGING THE MAIN QUESTION.

DODGING THE MAIN QUESTION.

Mr. McGuire said that no charges had been made against the general management of the University, and he believed that this was an attempt to distract attention from the main object of the investigation. The amendment of the Speaker was advocated by Messrs. Husted and Pierson.

Mr. McGuire said that certain newspapers of this State had very assiduously published statements that he had opposed an investigation. The gentleman from Westchester (Husted) the other day discharged a harmless Parthian arrow, to the effect that he had opposed an investigation, to go from one end of the State to the other; that he had made charges in regard to this college land grant, and then certain papers in certain interests scattered it upon the lightning that he had opposed any investigation into the charges which he had made. He said that the gentleman from Westchester knew better, and it was certainly not out of place for him to make the objection he did.

The MAN WHO OFFERED THE RESOLUTIONS.

The Man who offered the Resolutions. He said that on last Thursday morning he drew up the resolutions that were introduced in the Senate by Senator Johnson. They were published in the afternoon papers, and the fact of their introduction was pretty generally known thoughout this city; and while those resolutions were the subject of such general conversation, he was more than surprised when the Speaker vacated the chair and offered resolutions which did not reach the subject of complaint at all, which proposed to examine something else besides the charges which were made; and then the son of the man whose acts were to be investigated wished to appoint the judges before whom those charges were to be investigated. He felt surprised and indignant at such a course. He regarded it as a parliamentary attempt to rush those resolutions through the House just night, under pretence of an examination and investigation to head off, defeat an ikill the resolutions in the Senate, which were specific and directed the particular subjects to be investigated. THE MAN WHO OFFERED THE RESOLUTIONS.

Virtue stood by this measure, and when she attempted to haut down the flag of rum, riot, ruin, and death she is "shot on the spot" by John A. Dix. In voting to pass this bill over the veto, I do it without any reflection upon the motives of Gov. Dix. He is entitled to his opinion, and temperance men are entitled to theirs in voting that this bill become a law, notwithstanding his objections.

Mr. Rose of St. Lawrence moved to lay the message on the table. In a second twenty men were protesting, and Mr. Rose withdrew the motion.

message on the table. In a second twenty men were protesting, and Mr. Rose withdrew the motion.

The Rev. Mr. Crawford of Madison predicted the downfall of the Republican party in this State as the result of this veto.

Mr. Baltz of Erie said he did not know whether he was in the Legislature or a camp meeting, out he was satisfied that the Governor was right.

Mr. Alberger defended the veto, and said it was the tault of the radical temperance men that the bill was so drawn that it could not be made operative, and hence the Governor could not sign it. He closed by moving the previous question, which was ordered. Vote was then taken, and the veto was sustained—52 to 60.

Ayes—Messis. Babcock, Badger, Racheller, E. E. Brown. Bulkey, Rorritt, Clapp, Coggeshal, Cope, Couchman, Crandall, Crawford, Finn, Fod. Fort, Fowler, Gere, Goss. Griffin, Hardy, Reacock, Higgins, Holmer, Hastel, Kennedy, Knettles, Lewis, Lincoln, Lynde, Manley, Moore, Fell, Persons, Philipol, Raynor, Speaker, Sewart, Swalin, Sylvester, 1eft., Tobey, Tobey, Tobey, Tobey, Tobey, Tobey, Walker, Weed, Wells, Whalen, N. A. White, Yeomans, Vange-Messis, Abbott, Alberger, Baltz, Beebe, Big. in, Blacke, Blessing, Blumenthal, J. H. Brown, Burns, Campbell, Carpenter, Clarke, Cochen, Cock, C. G. Cornell, Cray, Cummings, Pavidson, Deering, Denniston, Dexter, Donobue, Elling, Fish, Foote, Headley, Hendee, Herrick, Herring, Hill, J. B. Hillyer, J. D. Hillyer, Jacobs, Johnson, Mackin, McGuire, McQueen, Mosher, Nice, Oakey, O'Brien, Oodyke, Patterson, Philipp, Purson, Porteous, Prince, Ray, Roche, Kose, Smith, Siyder, Swadan, Tompkins, Van Cott, Watt, Wight, Woods, Total, 60.

STIRRING UP THE LOBBY. Conference Committee on the Annual Appropriation bill this evening reported that they had agreed to leave in the bill the appropriation of

\$108,000 to purchase 6,000 Remington rifles and two batteries of Gatling guns. Mr. Phillips of Cortland said that he had heard a great deal about the lobbylsts, Barber, Van Vechten and Jones, and he had never seen either of them; but he had seen State officers and men high in official position lobbying on the floor for this appropriation. He called upon the House to rebuke these high-toned lobbylsts, and strike the appropriation out. the appropriation out.
Husted and Vedder defended the Adjutant General, and the House, notwithstanding they twice before had stricken it out, put it in, 70 to 26.

Mr. Tlemann introduced a bill forbidding the Gilbert Elevated Railway Company to construct any portion of their line as now located by the commissioners appointed under chapter 885 of the laws of 1872 on Sixth avenue north of Fortieth street and along said Sixth avenue to Forty-third street, and through said Forty-third street, and through said Forty-third street to Ninth avenue; and instead of said line as now located, and in lieu thereof, are authorized to run their line from Sixth avenue to Fortleth street, through and along Fortleth street to Ninth avenue, and thence along Ninth avenue to connect with said line as now located by the said commissioners.

O'BRIEN'S CLAIMS. GILBERT ELEVATED.

O'BRIEN'S CLAIMS.

The bill to provide for the claims of ex-Sheriff O'Brien against the city of New York, which was recalled from the Senate on Friday for amendment, was called up and passed as amended. The original bill named as Commissioners to examine and determine as to the claims of Mr. O'Brien, Delafield Smith, Shepard Knapp, and John E. Devlin. This was been stricken out, and the Governor is to appoint three Commissioners, whose decision in the matter is to be final, and the Comptroller is directed to pay whatever sum may be found due Mr. O'Brien. This amendment was made to meet the objections of the Governor. He will now sign it. O'BRIEN'S CLAIMS. OTHER TOPICS.

A bill makine it a felony for insurance agents employed in obtaining new policies or renewing old ones to misappropriate the funds received by them, passed the Assembly.

The bill authorizing the Third Avenue Railroad Company to construct an elevated railroad over their track from Ann street to Harlem, passed the Assembly, 72 to 16.

Mr. Herring's bill providing for a jury of six to persons to pass upon the sanity of any person charged with being insane before they can be confined in a lunatic asylum; and giving all persons now confined in lunatic asylums the right to trial as to the question of their sanity, passed the Assembly.

In vetoing the Local Option bill, the Governor thinks it well to let the measure stand over another

he prohibition test.

He objects to the eighth and ninth sections, which He objects to the eighth and nints sections, which prohibit the sale for any purpose and provide for the fining and imprisonment of citizens who may not choose to be informers.

Another object on is that no proof is required of the genu nears of the sale, and there is no limit to the number of persons who may sell inquer in any town.

On the whole, the Governor doubts whether the bill would really really be an act in the interest of the temperance cause.

FUN ON THE WAVE.

entered in the first, which was won by Knapp after a sharp and short struggle. Time, 7 minutes 5 seconds. In the second heat Messrs. Pinckney, M. T. Knapp, and Keator dropped their sculls in the water as Mr. James Watson, the umpire gave the word "Go!" After a lively spurt, Keator's maroon color showed ahead, and he won by three or four lengths, making the mile in 628M. The third race was between the winners in the first two heats, Keator allowing Knapp twenty seconds. Considerable interest centered in the contest, which was decided in Keator's favor after a spirited pull through rather rough water. Time, 7:14. The last race was for four-oared shells, between the heavy and light weights of the chib; distance two miles.

The sun was setting as both boats drew up off the powder ship. The heavies were Messrs.

ONEIDA BOAT CLUB RECATTA.

The fourth annual regatta of the Oneida Boat Club of Jersey City was enjoyed yesterday from the boat house, foot of Van Voorst street. The programme incuded a shell race, a working-boat race, and a six-oared gig race. The boat house of the Oneida Club and those of the neighboring club were literally decorated with flags, and two cand boats, moored alongside the hoat house, afforded good vantage ground for the visitors to witness the races. A band of nusic enlivened the proceedings. The first race was for single soull shells, for which D. Henry, blue; G. Ockershausen, red; C. Salmon, blue and white, entered. At 432 the word "Go" was given, Henry taking the lead, which he maintained to the end, reaching home in seven minutes. Salmon five lengths behind, and Ockerhausen a bad third.

Next was the six-oared gig race; Blue—O. D. Schanck, stroke; D. L. Gregory, D. Henry, H. S. Spears, C. H. Alford, J. N. Gregory, bow; W. C. Pearson, cox-wain, White—J. P. Hardenbergh, stroke; C. F. Ockershausen, J. Clarke, G. Ockershausen, R. S. Jordan, C. Salmon, how; F. H. Curtis, cox-swain. The white took the lead from the start, and won by a length and three-quarters after a hard pull, doing the two miles in 154 minutes.

The last race was for working boats, the en-The fourth annual regatta of the Oneida Boat

The last race was for working boats, the entries being J. P. Hardenbergh, C. F. Ockershausen, and H. C. Pearson. At the start Fearson andotekershausen fouled,but the latter got away and rowed shead, soon overhauling Hardenbergh, whom he passed before reaching the upper stake boat, and won by five lengths, in 7 minutes, Pearson second. Hardenbergh was far behind.

The judges were Mears, J. Gautier, H. Ben-The judges were Messra J. Gautier, H. Benson, and W. H. Gregory.

The Killing of Mrs. Lumpley in Baltimore— Haltahan's Story of the Crime. Baltimore, May 20.—Hallahan, who is to be hanged on June 13 for the murder of Mrs. Lampley, made a confession to-day, writing it out himself and sending it to a member of the press who had done him various kind offices during his imprisonment. In the letter accompanyhis imprisonment. In the letter accompanying it he says his sentence is just and he is willing to give up his life, but he wanted his accomplice to bear him company on the platform, but fears he will get off because he has money and friends. It is thought that the confession is intended to influence public opinion against Nicholson, whose case is pending in the Court of Appeals. The confession is horrible in its cold-blooded atrocity. Speaking of the murder he says:

I talked the matter over with Nicholson, who was the atrocity. Speaking of the murder he savs I talked the matter over with Nicholson, who was the grandson of the lady killed, and he insisted that I would be necessary to kill the old woman, as she would not ne able to tell on him, and people would not thin he would do such a thing, but if they just robbed he they would suspect him at one. On the 2d of January I went to Nicholson's house, and foun that Lamplev's family were going to the theatre leaving the old lady alone, and we determined to do the old lady sliting in a rocking chair se wing. She treate us to cake and wine, and while putting up some cake teen to Nicholson's children I choked her, and Nicholson kicked her in the stomach. She died very soon.

The rest of the confession relates to the divi The rest of the confession relates to the division of the spoils. Hallahan, although he has supported himself very well so far, is very nervous about his approaching death on the gallows.

The Awards of Indian Contracts Justified by Commissioner Smith. Washington, May 20.—The Commissioner of tary of the Interior, has reported that the awards me with the approva. of the entire purchasing committee of the Road of Indian Commissioners, and that no new facts have been developed which, in his judgment should cause them to change their opinion. The lowes bids were in some cases rejected because that cours was thought to be for the best interests of the Govern ment. L. B. Church, late Assessor of Internal Revenue for Montana, whose bid was rejected on the above ground, is determined to break into the ling. He states that he is backed by the wealthiest and most rejutable citizens of his Territory; that he has never bad a contract nor been in any way connected with the Indian Ring. He insists that he was the lowest bidder and in every way responsible.

An Ex-Consul Sued for \$250,000. WASHINGTON, May 20.—The Supreme Court for the District of Columbia took up to day the case of Francis Dainer against Charles Hale, formerly Consul-General of the United States at Alexandria, Egypt. The plaintiff charges that Mr. Hale maliciously and liegally interfered in his business matters, by which he suffered great loss, and he therefore brings suit to recover \$20, 000 damages. The case involves the judicial powers of consuls. REPEATING AS A FINE ART.

THE MERCANTILE LIBRARY BOYS AS EXPERTS IN FRAUD.

Yourbful Wire-Pullers Proving their Ability to give Lessons to the Thirsty Old Stagers of Politics.

The lower corridors of Clinton Hall were crowded from 8 A. M. until 9 P. M. yesterday by the friends of the opposing candidates for the directorship of the Mercantile Library Associa-tion. The stairway and walls were papered with big posters headed, 'Down with the Ring," and others announcing the "Regular" ticket. This latter gave the names of Alexander M. Eagleson, with the Citizens' National Bank; Chas. S. Arthur, with the Third Avenue Railroad Company; A. L. Bell, with the Sun Mutual Insurance Company; and Edwin C. Taylor, with Tiffany & Co. The opposition ticket, otherwise the "Members' "ticket, was James B. Mackenzle, with the Oleomargarine Manufacturing Company; A. H. Timpson, with Continental Bank; E. J. Wright, with A. T. Stewart & Co.;

and William B. Fuller, with H. B. Claffin & Co. The polls were under the stairs, and were protected from outside intrusion by strong iron railings, none but the inspectors and directors being admitted within. The inspectors were M. C. D. Borden, James McCauley, Theodore D. Rich, Aaron C. Allen, and George B. Mills. Mr. Allen received the ballots, two others sat near him to decide upon the elegibility of voters, while the other inspectors officiated as book-

Mr. Allen's outfit was a cigar, a ballot box with a small siit, and a card with a picture of a coffin and the affecting legend, "This poor man was tasked to death." When a voter became prolix in his explanations the card was uncovered, and taking the gentle hint, he generally retired in good order. Each voter as he presented himself gave his number, name, and business, and if the vote was accepted Mr. Allen shoved it into the box.

Among the throng in the hallway were several professional gamblers. They were said to be in the employ of the contending parties, receiving \$4 each for their valuable services. Their duties embraced distributing tickets, keeping places in line for voters, and occasionally vating on the 'names of absent voters.

As usual at these elections, which are infinitely more exciting and corrupt than were the THE COFFIN JOKE.

As usual at these elections, which are infinitely more exciting and corrupt than were the worst of the old-time Tammany primaries, repeating was carried on unblushingly. A patrolman on duty at the polls saw a man whom he himself had arrested more than once for some petty crime vote five times, retiring after each vote, making some slight change in his tollet, and returning to vote under a new number.

A TELL-TALE SCARF PIN.

The SUN reporter witnessed many scenes of this nature. He stood within the rading from \$2.5 until 9 P. M. and in that time saw one young man vote three times. This repeater were a beculiar scarf pin, and as the stepped up for his second vote the brilliancy of the orna-

lem and at the Kills.

The foring regatta of the Harlem Rowing Club formally opened the boating season yesterday on the Harlem. There were four races, all exciting and plenty of spectators on the steamer Pope Catlin and on the banks of the river. The races were all up the river. The first three were mile heats, single scull handicaps, from the powder ship to McComb's dam bridge. Messrs. H. M. Knapp. Arthur, Osborn and Devoe entered in the first, which was won by Knapp after a sharp and short struggle. The first three were a becall again the chilengers for the opposition. "You voted not five minutes ago," said the challenger. "I know you by your scarf pin." "Ann't there no other scarf pins in New York like this?" asked the indignant and honest voter, and this appealed so strongly to the inspectors that vote No. 2 was received.

Mr. Mackenzie at this point was called away, and another challenger took his place. Scarcely had the change been made before the enterprising youth was back again, scarf pin and all, and vote No. 3 was duly recorded.

vote No. 3 was duly recorded.

A FOREGONE CONCLUSION.

The election resulted in favor of the regular ticket by a vote of 347 to 91.

The opposition say that the election was run in the interests of the regular ticket. The inspectors, appointed by the directors, were all in favor of the regulars, and having the books at their command and complete lists of the voters, were enabled to perfect their arrangements for repeating. One man was seen in the hall with a long list of voters who had not voted. Supplying some of the hired voters with numbers and names, he sent them to the polls, and their ballots were accepted.

CANDOR. CANDOR.

"Not that we would not have repeated!" said a candid opposition man. "But, you see, we didn't have the chance. These fellows had the best of it. When we saw that repeating was going on by wholesale we demanded the presence of a notary public to swear voters and offered to pay him, but this the inspectors refused. Hence, as no oath is administered, all depending on the word of the voters themselves, the 'regulars' had everything in their own hands. Out of the 400 votes polled you may safely say that more than half are fraudulent."

REDUCING THE EXPENSES.

Assessors and Assistant Assessors of Inter-States Internal Revenue Service yesterday. The offices of Assessor and Assistant Assessor ceased to exist. About one hundred officials in the Government service in this city were relieved from duty. The books and other property in the Assessors' custody were transferred to the Collectors in their respective districts. All the Collectors, except Mr. Blake in the Thirty-second District, were removed, and their places filled by officers selected from among the Assessors. Of the latter, Spencer Kirby, in the Thirty-second District, was the only one not retained. Assessor Max Weber was put in place of Col. Treadwell, Collector in the Second District, Morris Friedsom took charge of the Third District, vice Collector R. B. Boyd. Collector C. R. Costar, in the Eighth, was succeeded by Assessor Augustus Ford, and Andreas Willmann, in the Ninth, by A. P. Ketchum. The appointments were made by the President, whose action was said to be in violation of the civil service rules. Hereafter license taxes are to be collected by stamps. Venders andmanufacturers of tobacco, spirits, and medicines, the only goods subject to a special tax, are required to buy license stamps, representing the graded imposts of \$25, \$50, \$100, and \$200. ceased to exist. About one hundred officials in

A Verdict of \$554.062 Against Tom Fields. ALBANY, May 20.-In the Circuit Court here to-day, Justice Danforth presiding, the case of the People agt. Thomas C. Fields et al., being an action to recover moneys paid to the defendant as claims of fire-men, amounting to \$500,000, came on. Mr. Charles O'Conor moved that the Court direct the fury to find a verificit for the plaintiff in accordance with the rulings of the General Term. Mr. Beach, for the defendant, moved to dismiss the complaint, on the ground of no right of action. Mr. O'Conor renewed his motion, and the tourt directed the jury to find a verifict in favor of the plaintiff for F804/6473. A stay of proceedings was granted for twenty days.

A Fortune Recovered. St. Louis, May 20.—United States Marshal Nicolay has arrived here for the purpose of putting Capt. John Magwyre in possession of seven blocks in the northern part of the city, which has just been re-covered through the Supreme Court from the Tyler heirs. The property is of immense value.

LOSSES BY FIRE.

W. J. Watson & Co.'s varnish manufactory, at Sixth and Reed streets, Philadeiphis; loss, \$15,000.

A fire in Knightaville, Cape Elizabeth, yesterday, burned three houses and a barn owned by M. H. Neal, valued at \$18,000, and insured for \$8,400. The furniture was insured for \$1,850.

Gov. Dix will review the Second Division of National Guards in Brooklyn on Tuesday.

Chief of Police Campbell, who has been ill for several weeks, resumed his duties yesterday.

The defunct Central Bank has declared a dividend of 25 per cent, to depositors. The account of the assumes shows that he has received \$153,926.85 and disbursed \$22,945.37.

Vesterday afternoon Henry Schloter, aged 10 fell from the second-story window of 352 Fourth street Williamsburgh, and was instantly killed. The bill for the new armory for the Thirteenth legiment has been signed by Gov. Dix. It directs the loard of Supervisors to appropriate \$150.000 for the purhase of a site and the building of a new armory. It is xpected that before where resulting with be

NEW JERSEY.

In a stormy meeting of the Hoboken City Connell last night two votes were taken for the elec-tion of Corporation Counsel, both standing six to six. The board adjourned without an election. The board adjourned without an election.

A gang of thieves loiter around the woods near the National Stock yards, Guttenberg. On Sunday they frightened a young man out of his week's wages, and on Monday night stracked a New Yorker and took all his money and his valuables.

Charles Weinhardt, a Morris and Essex watchman, attempted to arrest William Heln and George Smith for stealing coal yesterday. They pounded the watchman with coal and clubs until he was nearly dead. Both were arrested and sent to jail for three months. Judge Bedle, in the Hudson County Court.

Judge Bedle, in the Hudson County Court, said yesterday that he will to-day fix a time for the trial of ex-Chief of Police Williams and Detective Doyle on the rige of complicity in the attempt to rob the First National Bank of Jersey City in June last. The jury disagreed at the last trial.

The Water Boards of Newark and Jersey City yesterday discussed the question of a water supply for both cities. The old plan of utilizing the Morris Canal to bring water from Lake Hopatcon was thought to be the most feasible, and a committee was appointed to make prelimins; graminations.

A NEST OF "FENCES."

Ward Full of Them, and How It Happens that They are Tolerated-Why a Great City's Health is Wastonly Imperilled.

Mr. James Cassin, an influential Sixth Ward property owner, has been for some years untiringly working for the improvement of the ward. He is hampered in his building operalons, as are all the other owners, by the uncertainty of the new grade which everybody knows must at some day be established. He has plans for a large building at Worth and Mulberry streets for manufacturing purposes, but he is delaying the building until he shall knew on what grade to put it. He says that there are probably fifty large buildings in contemplation which would give employment to thousand of workingmen if they were put up, but all the owners feel as he does. He adds that the chief obstacle to any real improvement is the ward politicians, who are afraid of anything that will drive out the barrooms and the tenement population. On the influence which they derive from these sources depends their official existence.

politicians, who are afraid of anything that will drive out the barrooms and the tenement population. On the influence which they derive from these sources depends their official existence.

Another trouble is that many of the old property owners are blind to their own interests. Their houses are crumbling wrecks for which they get \$2.500 or \$3.000 a year rent, and on which the tax is merely nominal and they are satisfied with this, when they might realize very much more by paying the necessary assessments and having their property improved. The politicians have told them that raising the grade would destroy the value of their first floor, and they do not understand that the ground on which these buildings stand would be worth more with an improved grade than the whole property is worth now.

"How is it that they get such rents for their shanties?" asked the reporter.

"They are used as fences." said Mr. Cassin; "the ward is full of them."

Mr. Cassin went on to say that if the contemplated buildings were cretted on the prosent grade it would be forever impossible to make any change, because all of the owners would then oppose it, as these buildings would be large warehouses built in accordance with the necessities of trade, and the change would then be a disadvantaire to all. If, however, it should be done now, the buildings would be more valuable and the burden of taxation would be comparatively light. The present cost of raising the grade would be comparatively trifling, since the existing buildings are absolutely worthless, and the main expense would be the carting of the clean earth required to fill the ward to the desired level. The present pavements are worse than useless.

Mr. Cassin, Mr. Cummings, Mr. Fellows, and others, havelong been working for improvement, but the only thing they have accomplished is the work that has been done in Worth street. They went around with three petitions for improvement, but the only thing they have accomplished is the work that has been done in Worth street. They went a

THE OLD WORLD'S NEWS.

No Definite Intelligence from the Khivan Expedition-The Rumor of the Capture of Khiva Contradicted.

LONDON, May 20 .-- A despatch from the Reuter Telegraph Company from St. Petersburg says: "There is no truth in the report that Khisays: "There is no truth in the report that Khiva had been taken and that the Kahn had fallen into the hands of the Russian troops."

A special despatch to the Daily News from St. Petersburg says much analety prevails there in consequence of the non-receipt of definite intelligence from the Khivan expedition. Two of the detachments of Russian troops marching against the Khanate have been delayed in their progress by heavy snow storms. At the last advices from the expedition the column nearest the appointed rendezvous for all the troops was several hundred miles distant, and was besides one month late.

A Conservative Majority in the French As-

versailles, May 20.—In the Assembly o-day M. Louis Buffet was reflected President of the Chamber by 359 ballots, against 289 cast for M. Martel. The vote indicates the success of the interpellation introduced by the Conser-vatives yesterday. The debate which was to have opened to-day has been postponed until Friday. The War in Sumatra.

LONDON, May 20 .- A despatch from Padang announces that an army of Battahs and Atchinese, 10,000 strong, is marching on Delli, a small town on the northeast coast of the island. The Ohio Republican Convention.

COLUMBUS, May 20.—There is a large represen-tation here from all parts of the State to attend the tation here from all parts of the State to attend the Republican State Convention to-morrow. Gov. Noves will be renominated by acclamation, and the indications are that the rest of the ficket will be made up as follows: For Lieutenant-Governor, N. H. Van Voorh es, of Athens; Attorney General, John Little, of Greene; State Treasurer, Isaac which of Belmont; Comptroller, W. T. Wilson of Portage; member of Board of Public Works, Philip Herzog of Anglaize; Supreme Judges, William White of Clark and Walter Sloane of Eric. James Monroe of Oberlin will probably be permanent Chairmar of the convention. The salary grab will be vigorously denounced.

The Trouble at Shamokin.

A letter was received yesterday from Mr. O. H. Wheeler, saying that the Reading Rairoadhad entire possession of the twenty-five tracts of land described in yesterday's SUN. Wheeler and his party being unable to retain their position. He says he could not hold possession unless he had an army of men, and that he had retired, and was going to fight it out in the courts, expecting to recover aggravated damages.

CURIOSITIES OF CRIME.

Charles D. Brown was brought up in the Kings Charles D. Brown was brought up in the Kings County Court of Sessions yester-lay on charge of having forged the name of A. G. Houghton, Superintendent of Singer's sewing machine establishment, to a paper, on which he obtained money. He pleaded guilty, and was remanded for sentence.

On the night of the 20th uit. Carpenter & Sambier's silk store, at 591 Broadway, was robbed of \$10.00 worth of silks. The police tracked the burglars to Boton and obtained a requisition from Gov. Dis upon Gov. Washburn for their surrender. Last hight they arrived in this city and were locked up in the Siulberry street police station.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

Donn Piatt calls the principal Credit Mobilier man of Ohio, the Hon. Demi-John A. Bingham. The President vesterday appointed William R. sapp to be Collector of Internal Revenue for the Thirteenth District of Ohio. Judge Pierrepont having declined the Russian mission, the President has tendered the nomination to ex tor. Marshall Jewell, of Connecticut.

An official report received from the agent of the Utes in Colorado details the punishment of two of their tribe for the murder of Agent Miller of the Navigosa year ago. The Executive Committee of the G. A. R. have rejected the proposition to decorate the Confederate graves at Arbuston, giving as a reason that it would probably cause disorder and occasion a breach of the machine.

SPARKS FROM THE TELEGRAPH.

The Governor and Council of Massachusetts have appointed the last Friday in June for the hanging of Smith, the murderer of Mr. Sackett in Westfield. The body of James Gibson, a respectable citi-zen of Mediord. Mass., was found in the woods near that town yesterday shot through the head. It is a case of suicide.

The resignation of Chief Justice Butler, of the Connecticut Supreme Court, was sent to the Legislature by Gov. Ingersoil yesterday. Ill health is the cause of the resignation. James Smith, a retired merchant of St. Louis, has given 100 shares of stock of the Bostman's Saving Institution to Washington University of that city. The market value of the stock is \$75,000.

market value of the stock is \$75.00.

Yesterday morning Martin Ward, of Port Ewen, was found dead on cansi boat No. 1.5%, at the works of the Pennsylvania Coal Company in Newburgh. He is supposed to have died from heart disease, though the Coroner's jury found a verdict of death from causes unknown.

The reports of the condition of the cotton crop is West Tennessee are very discouraging owing to the backward spring. The cool and hard rains of the past week have besten down the plants. Caterpillars have also made their appearance in immense numbers, and are destroying both cotton and corn.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

LIFE IN THE METROPOLIS.

DASHES HERE AND THERE BY THE

SUN'S REPORTERS. The Fall of a Man from a Fifth Story Win-

dow in the Prescott House.

About 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon the About 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon the neighborhood of Broadway and Spring street was a set of heads. Stages blocked the street, and an excited crowd stood gazing up at a fifth story window in the Prescott House. A man stood on the sill of the window, apparently breating to jump to the pavement below. Everybody thought it was an hisane person. The spectators, appailed, saw the man drop, but as he descended at the rate of about a mile a minute, they wondered what thement, and when his feet geally touched the sidewalk trey surround d him, and learned that he had descended on an aimost invisible wire, known as a patent automatic fire escape.

The Sinking of the Floating Comn. An investigation of the collision in the East river, near Hallett's Point, between the steamers Amer-

leus and Hope, was made yesterday by Inspectors Mat-thews and Brainard.

Urish Maroney, the pilot of the Hope, testified that he had no warning of the approach of any vessel behind, and was sure none could be seen in front of him. All the bilot-house windows were closed, except the one is front. the pilot-house windows were closed, except the one is front.

John H. Baxter, who witnessed the collision from his hotel at the foot of Fighty-sixth street, testified that the American struck the Hope in the bow quarter, sinking the latter within a minute. He heard no whistie or other signal.

William H. Williams, the wheelsman, and Luke Schenek, the pilot of the Americus, testified that the Americus blew her whistle for the Hope, and that the Americus blew her whistle for the Hope, and that the Hope was caught by the tide and whirled across the bow of the Americus, which was stopped by the engineer at the moment of the collision. Life preservers were thrown and a boat was lowered from the Americus, which was slelayed about half an hour.

This closed the investigation.

Yesterday's Trotting in Floetwood Park. There was a capital trot yesterday in Fleet-wood. The attendance was fine. In the betting pre-vious to the start, sorrel Jake was the favorite at \$100 vious to the start, sorrel Jake was the favorite at \$100 to \$20. Alice Gray was in spiendid condition, while Jake was too unsettled and nervous to compete with Alice's rattling pace, who won the race in three straights heats. The following is the summary:

Firstwood Pank, Tuesday, May 26.—Match 2200;
mile heats; best 3 in 5, in herness.

Thomas Trimble's g. m. Alice Gray. 1 1 1 George W. Jenkins's r. g. Jake. 2 2 1

Time-2465, 2485, 3:684.

The splendid performance of the mare Pocahontas, who made a half mile in 1:04 on Monday, was the all absorbing topic among the turfmen present.

A Howard Mission Fuss. A hotly contested slander suit, in which Ade-side K. Hardinge, with Isidor Osorio as guardian ad litem, was plaintiff, and the Rev. George Heath, an litem, was plaintiff, and the Rev. George Heath, an Episcopalian minister, engaged in the Howard Mission, figured as defendant, was concluded in Part II. Marine Gourt, vesterday. The plaintiff alleged that she had been damaged \$1,000 by felse ard slanderous attements made against her by the defendant, who decided the ianguage imputed to him, in part, and sought to justiff the remainder by proving that his words were true. The trial, which was begun last Friday, was distinctually also the proving that he words were true, the first was a distinct that the province of the plantiff a judgment for one cent.

A Bayarian Captain's Experience. On the 4th of March Charles Roebring, a Bavarian, strived in a Bremen steamer, and went to the Hansa Hotel, Jersey City. He had several thousand Hansa Hotel, Jersey City, He had several thousaid dollars with him. He was a captain in the Prussian army in the late war with Prance. Soon he went to New York, but a few days ago returned to the Hansa Hotel in rays. He said he had been robbid of all his money and baggage. The proprietor clothed him, and gave him temporary employment until a remitiance should arrive. Yesterday he suddenly became violently insane, and rushed through the house, threatening to kill the immates. He was locked up.

" Was it Revenge? Early yesterday morning fire was discovered Early resterday morning fire was discovered in Edward Harvey's oil cloth factory, Bergen street and Vanderbilt avenue, Brooklyn. The building was stored with oil cloth and inflammable material. Mr. Harvey, the night before, discharged ten of his workingneen, and it is hinted that the building was set on free. Mr. Harvey says that he was allout to change his business, and his workingneen understood that this was the cause of their discharge. Fire Marsal Keady discredits the theory of incendiarism. Loss, \$15,000.

Common Sense in Wall Street. A petition was very generally signed by the A petition was very generally signed by the brokers to-day, requesting the Governing Committee of the Stock Exchange to limit the hour of the daily transactions to 3 P. M. during the months of June, July, August and September. This movement will receive general approval miss among the speculators of Wail street, and experience has demonstrated that the hours in the control of the second of the control of the second of

A Wen'thy Brooklyn Man Missing. Max Bechoffer of 359 Degraw street, Br Max Beenoner of see Pegraw street, Brooklyn, has been missing since May 2. He started for New York to get a heavy draft cashed and has not since been seen. His habits were regular. He was wealth, and has been in Brooklyn several years. He evidently dit not meditate long absence, for he told his family he should soon return, and he left his valuables in his room before starting. The Brooklyn detectives have been unable to find a clue.

An East Side Banquet.
Last evening in the rooms of the Jacob Secbach r Coterie at 384 Grand street, a complimentary dinner was given to Mr. and Mrs. John Heitner, prepar-

tory to their departure for Europe to-day. A band of music escorted the couple from their residence to the club room. Among the banque ters were beputy Sherid a cluscher, Junge Tony Hartman, letter ive Heidelberg, United States Assessor Morris Friedsam, and many others. Fire on Slaten Island. On Monday afternoon the residence of Mr. Noble S. Bennett, Prince's Bay, burned to ashes, Loss \$20,000. The house was formerly the country seat of the late Rev. Thomas House Taylor, D. D., Rector of Grace Church, Broadway, and also of David Brown, of the firm of Bell & Brown, shipbuilders, New York

The Shot that Missed Gov. Kellogg. NEW ORLEANS, May 20.—Melvin M. Cohen, attaché of the Picayane, was arrested to-day charged with shooting at Wm. Pitt Kellogg on May 7, with intent to kill him, and held in \$5,000 bat. Cohen claims to have been in Camp street when the shot was fired on Magazine street.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Multitudes visited Sing Sing Prison yesterday inquiring about convict friends, who they feared had been burt by the falling of the gallery on Sunday. been bart by the falling of the gallery on Sanday.

The action of Gov. Dix in relation to the Annexation bill created a breaze in the lower Westchester towns yesterday. In Fordham the excitement was uncontrollable. Informal proceedings for the holding of an insignation meeting were begun. If the bill is submitted to a vote, the Westchester people fear that New York will kill it. Westchester would undoubte ly cerry it. Late in the afternoon the rumor prevailed that Assemblyman Herring had withdrawn the bill, in accordance with a resolution passed yesterday morning allowing him that privilege. This also added to the excitement.

FLASHES FROM THE OCEAN CABLES. Sir George E. Cartler, Bart., late Minister of the Minista and Defence of the Dominion of Canada, died in England yesterday morning.

The session of the Prussian Diet closed yesterday. The speech from the throng was read by Gen. Von Roon, President of the Ministry.

Alexander John Couza, the first Prince of the United Provinces of Moldavia and Wallachia, who was elected in 1859, and compelled to abdicate in 1856, is dead. The Shah of Persia arrived at Moscow on Monday, On entering the city he was met by an immense concourse of neople, who welcomed him with the greatest enthusiasm. The London News' special from Versallies says the sitting of the National Assembly on Monday was very storiny. The members of the Right openly de-clared their desire to overthrow M. Thiers.

Mr. Bradlaugh, while on his way to Madrid to present the Enrish resolutions congratulating Spana on the estanlishment of the Republic, was taken pris-oner by the Carlists, but soon afterward released. JOTTINGS ABOUT TOWN.

The school teachers ask why their April sala-tics have not been paid.

The Republican Central Committee met at 8% ast night, and adjourned at 8%. The boys seeing no hope of improvement in tompkins square, ask the Park Commissioners to give to them for a ball ground, The controversy between the horseshoers and he railroad and stage lines continues with but slight respect of immediate settlement. prospect of immediate settlement.

The Board of licalth yesterday designated 53 Mott street as a pince for the sale of live fowls weekly for the accommodation of the Jownship opulation.

A mother of two daughters, who writes to THE SUN accusing a police setgeant of improper conduct, should confer with the Tolice Commusioners. Three Italians were buried by the fall of the bank at Seventy fourth atrect, where they were digging out the Fourth avenue track. They were dug out alive, but very badly injured. but very badly injured.

In the suit of Thomas C. Shepard against Charles E. Johnston, proprietor of the Twenty-third street line of stages, for injuries to his foot by the reckless driving of one of the stages, tried before Justice Barrett, the jury yesterday gave the plaintiff \$1,000. The Rev. Thomas Lynch, late assistant pastor of St. Stephen's Catholic Church, East Twenty first street, has been appointed by the Most Rev. Archibishop McCloskey to the pastorate of St. Terca's, Rutgers etreet, vice Father Flattery, transferred to a new parish beyond 104th street and Second avenue.

The body which was found on Saturday in the East river, at pier 21, has been mentified as that of Patrick Kelly, aged 36, a collector for Arnold, Constable & Co., who disappeared on the 3d of March last. He had been collecting on that day, and had made his returns at the office, but it was had not been handed in. The check was found on the body and \$6 in money, but a gold watch which it is known he carried and averal articles of jewelry are missing.